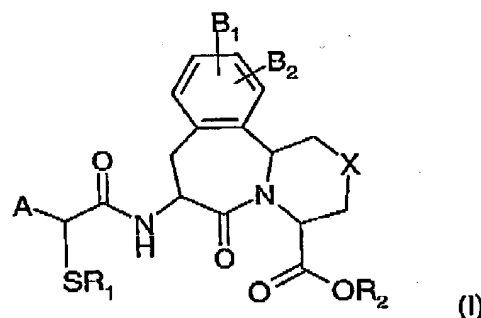


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions including the claims in the application.

Listing of the claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method of inhibiting both angiotensin converting enzyme and neutral endopeptidase for treatment of a disease amenable to treatment with a compound that inhibits both angiotensin converting enzyme and neutral endopeptidase which comprises administering to a patient in need of said treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I)



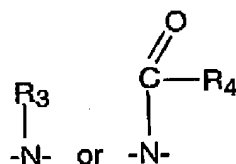
wherein

A is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-aryl;

R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, or an acyl group;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(O)C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, aryl, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-aryl, or diphenylmethyl;

X is -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> wherein n is an integer 0 or 1, -S-, -O-,



wherein R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, aryl, or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-aryl; and R<sub>4</sub> is CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkyl, aryl, or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-aryl;

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B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>2</sub> are each independently hydrogen, hydroxy, or -OR<sub>5</sub>, wherein R<sub>5</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, aryl, or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-aryl or, where B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>2</sub> are attached to adjacent carbon atoms, B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>2</sub> can be taken together with said adjacent carbon atoms to form a benzene ring or methylenedioxy, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof.

2. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein the disease is selected from the group consisting of non-diabetic nephropathy, diabetic nephropathy, insulin resistance, diabetic neuropathy, diabetic retinopathy, myocardial infarction, cataracts, and diabetic cardiomyopathy, ~~atherosclerosis and endothelial dysfunction.~~

3. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is non-diabetic nephropathy.

4. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is diabetic nephropathy.

5. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is insulin resistance.

6. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is diabetic neuropathy.

7. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is diabetic retinopathy.

8. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is myocardial infarction.

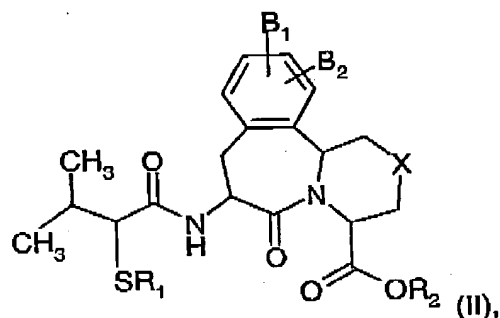
9. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is cataracts.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the disease is diabetic cardiomyopathy.

11. Cancelled.

12. Cancelled.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound is the compound of formula (II)



wherein R<sub>1</sub> is acetyl or hydrogen.

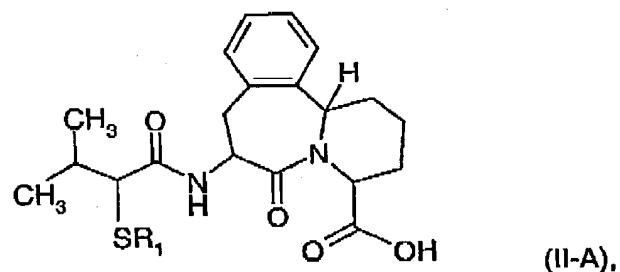
14. (Original) The method according to claim 13, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is acetyl.

15. (Original) The method according to claim 13, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen.

16. (Original) The method according to claim 13, wherein B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>2</sub> are hydrogen.

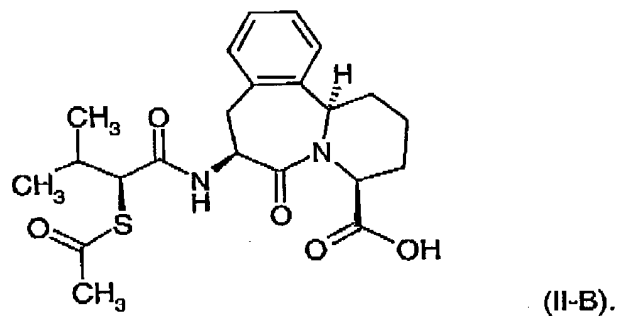
17. (Original) The method according to claim 13, wherein X is -CH<sub>2</sub>.

18. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound is the compound of formula (II-A)

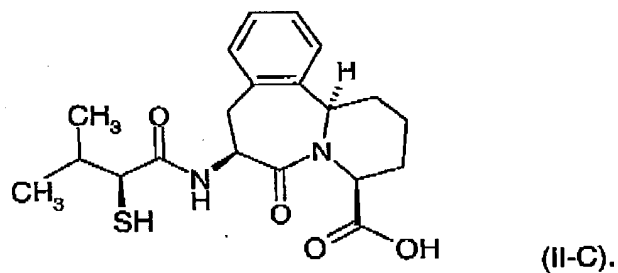


wherein R<sub>1</sub> is acetyl or hydrogen.

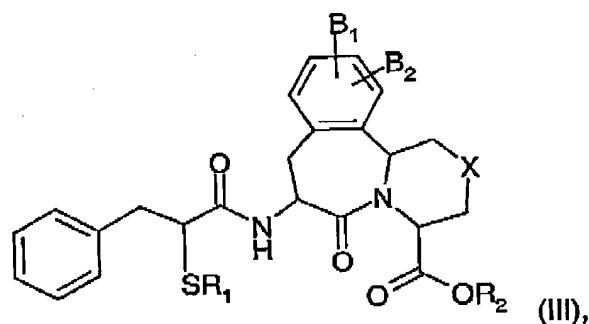
19. (Original) The method according to claim 18, wherein the compound has the formula (II-B)



20. (Original) The method according to claim 18, wherein the compound has the formula (II-C)

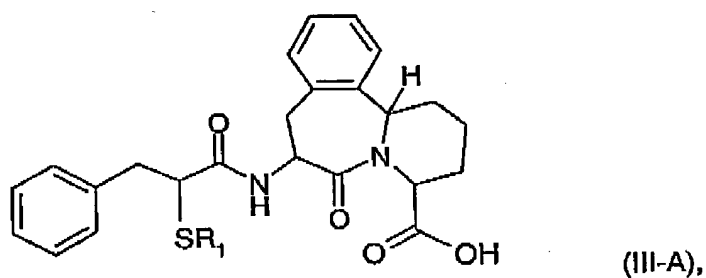


21. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound is the compound of formula (III)



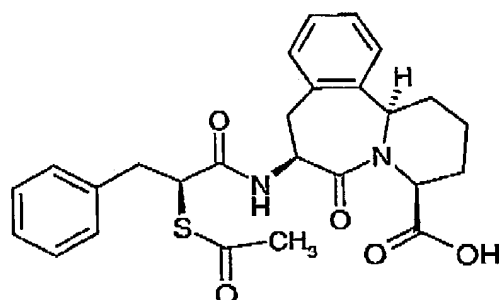
wherein R<sub>1</sub> is acetyl or hydrogen.

22. (Original) The method according to claim 21, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is acetyl.
23. (Original) The method according to claim 21, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen.
24. (Original) The method according to claim 21, wherein B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>2</sub> are hydrogen.
25. (Original) The method according to claim 21, wherein X is -CH<sub>2</sub>.
26. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound is the compound of formula (III-A)



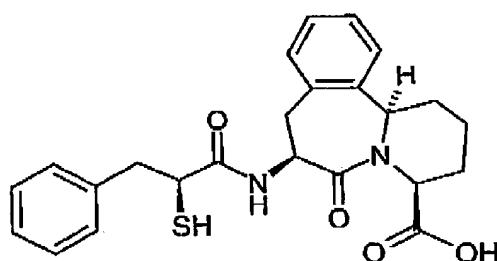
wherein R<sub>1</sub> is acetyl or hydrogen.

27. (Original) The method according to claim 26, wherein the compound has the formula (III-B)



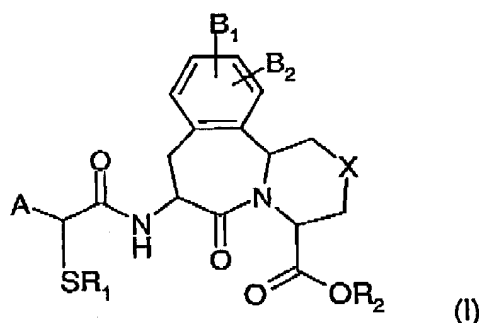
(III-B).

28. (Original) The method according to claim 26, wherein the compound has the formula (III-C)



(III-C).

29. (Original) A method for inhibition of both angiotensin converting enzyme and neutral endopeptidase which comprises administering to a patient in need of said inhibition an effective inhibitory amount of a compound of formula (I)



(I)

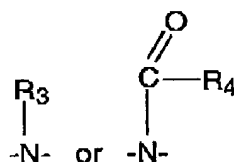
wherein

A is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-aryl;

R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, or an acyl group;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(O)C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, aryl, -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)-aryl, or diphenylmethyl;

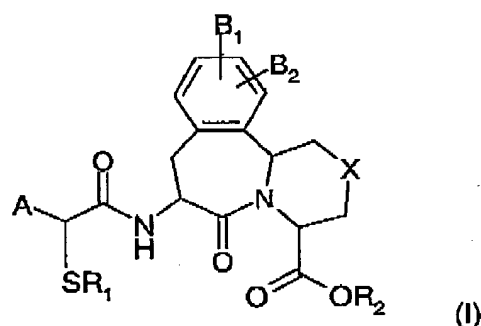
X is  $-(CH_2)_n$  wherein n is an integer 0 or 1,  $-S-$ ,  $-O-$ ,



wherein  $R_3$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, aryl, or  $-(C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)-aryl; and  $R_4$  is  $CF_3$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$ -alkyl, aryl, or  $-(C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)-aryl;

$B_1$  and  $B_2$  are each independently hydrogen, hydroxy, or  $-OR_5$ , wherein  $R_5$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, aryl, or  $-(C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)-aryl or, where  $B_1$  and  $B_2$  are attached to adjacent carbon atoms,  $B_1$  and  $B_2$  can be taken together with said adjacent carbon atoms to form a benzene ring or methylenedioxy, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof.

30. (Currently amended) A method for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition having both angiotensin converting enzyme and neutral endopeptidase inhibitory activity for treatment of a disease amenable to treatment with a compound that inhibits both angiotensin converting enzyme and neutral endopeptidase which comprises comprising mixing a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, optionally one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I)



wherein

A is H,  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $-CH_2OCH_2CH_2OCH_3$ , or  $-(C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)-aryl;

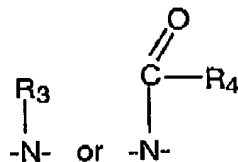
$R_1$  is hydrogen,  $-CH_2OC(O)C(CH_3)_3$ , or an acyl group;

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$R_2$  is hydrogen,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{O}-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ ,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ , aryl,  $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl})\text{-aryl}$ , or diphenylmethyl;

$X$  is  $-(\text{CH}_2)_n$  wherein  $n$  is an integer 0 or 1,  $-\text{S}-$ ,  $-\text{O}-$ ,



wherein  $R_3$  is hydrogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ , aryl, or  $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl})\text{-aryl}$ ; and  $R_4$  is  $\text{CF}_3$ ,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}\text{-alkyl}$ , aryl, or  $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl})\text{-aryl}$ ;

$B_1$  and  $B_2$  are each independently hydrogen, hydroxy, or  $-\text{OR}_5$ , wherein  $R_5$  is  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$ , aryl, or  $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl})\text{-aryl}$  or, where  $B_1$  and  $B_2$  are attached to adjacent carbon atoms,  $B_1$  and  $B_2$  can be taken together with said adjacent carbon atoms to form a benzene ring or methylenedioxy, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or stereoisomer thereof.